

Modems support in Replicant

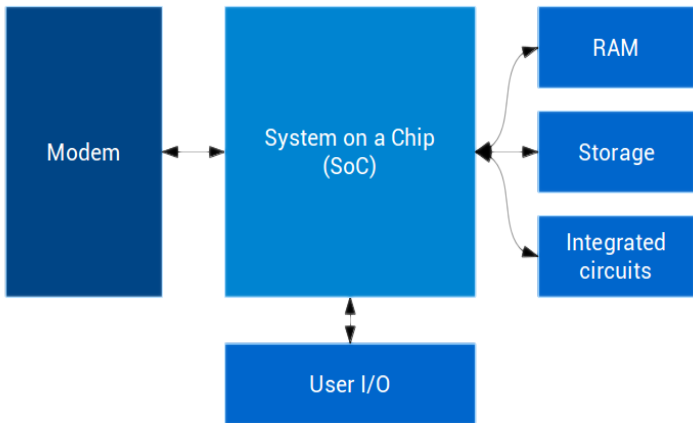
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July 25, 2019

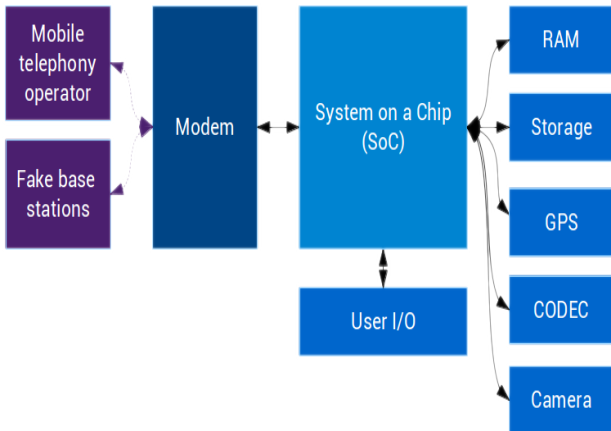
In this presentation:

- The hardware
- Android Reference implementation (More simple)
- Questions and/or Pause
- Replicant's Samsung IPC implementation (More complex)

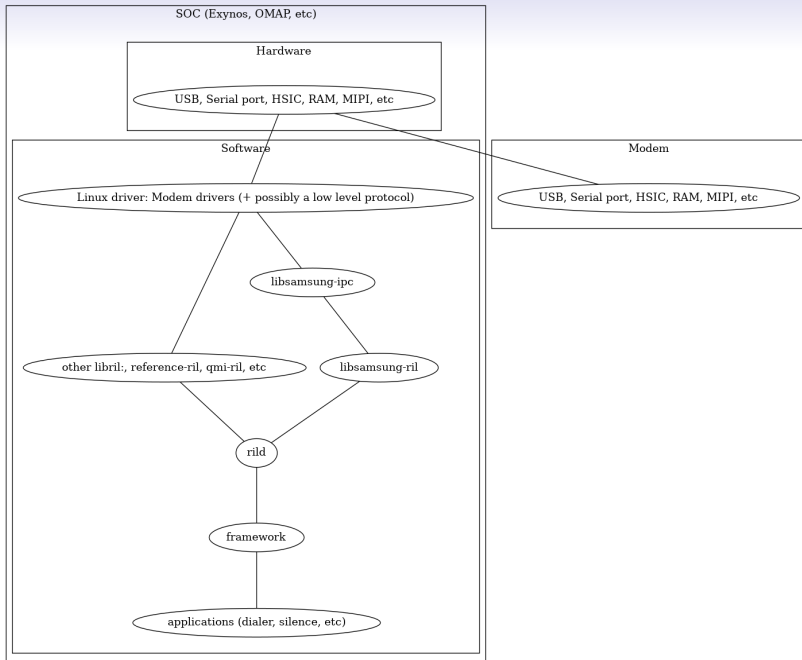
The hardware



Hardware-side overview



Good modem isolation

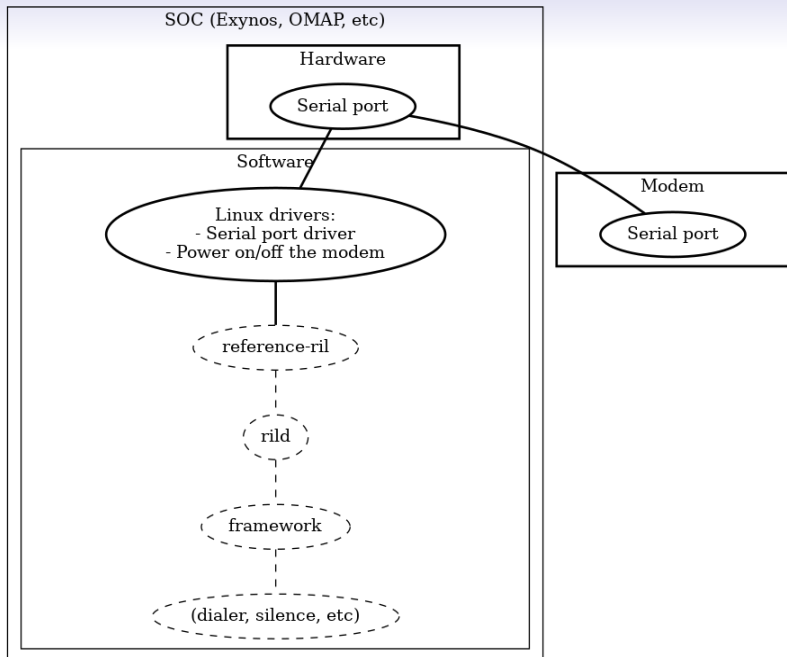


Why do we look at android reference implementation first?

- The hardware is more simple
- The protocol is way easier to understand
- Has good enough documentation (standard, reference implementation)
- It also explains why we got protocols like samsung-ipc
- Relevant for devices with free software bootloaders

Example: Openmoko

- Simple
- But very strongly outdated



AT commands

- The good parts:
 - Standard (ETSI GSM 07.07 / 3GPP TS 27.007)
 - Publically available, no registration
 - pdf versions: [git://git.osmocom.org/3gpp-etsi-pdf-links.git](https://git.osmocom.org/3gpp-etsi-pdf-links.git)
- The bad parts: More on that later...

Examples based on the specification (07.07)

```
# use verbose error values , report registration
> AT+CMEE=2;+CREG=1
< OK
> AT
< OK
> AT+CFUN=1
< OK
```

```
# use verbose error values , report registration
> AT+CMEE=2;+CREG=1
< OK
> AT+CFUN=1
< +CME ERROR: SIM PIN required
> AT+CPIN="1234"
< +CME ERROR: incorrect password (user entered wrong PIN)
> AT+CPIN="4321"
< OK
> AT+COPS=0,0
< OK
< +CREG: 1
> AT+COPS?
< +COPS: 0,0,"SFR"
> OK
```

AT commands: The bad parts:

- Synchronous
- difficult to write parsers (need to keep state)
- Slow
- Vendors extensions

More realistic example

```
# 0707: +CSQ: <rsqi>,<ber>  
# MDM6200/6600: +CSQ: <N>  
# 0707: 31 = -51dbm  
# MDM6200/6600: 31 = -75dbm  
> +CSQ: 31  
< +CRING: VOICE/06050403002
```

```
# Enable noise cancelation on the OpenMoko  
> AT%N0105  
< OK
```

Example of issues

- What if the answer doesn't come back?
- What if there is some noise on the serial port?
- What if I need to run another commands while waiting for the answer of the previous one?
- More modern modems with AT protocol (Example: GTA04):
 - Modem connected over USB
 - Sveral "virtual serial" interfaces

The bad parts:

- → This lead vendor to make their own protocol.
- → Very similar issues with GPS (NMEA not meant for GPS).

AT commands are still in use:

- GTA04
- Optimus black
- Usually (also) available on modems available at low quantity orders.
- →Often in use on devices made for the free software community .
- Sometimes vendor documentation is even publically available for specific modems.

Handling AT command set in Android

SOC (Exynos, OMAP, etc)

Hardware

Serial port

Software

Linux drivers:
- Serial port driver
- Power on/off the modem

reference-ril

rild

framework

(dialer, silence, etc)

Modem

Serial port

rild

finding libril implementation

finding libril implementation:

*vendor ril lib path either passed in as -l parameter, or
read from rild.libpath property*

*ril arguments either passed in as - - parameter, or read
from rild.libargs property*

finding libril implementation

```
$ cd device/samsung/i9300
$ git grep rild
system.prop:rild.libpath=/system/lib/hw/libsamsung-ril.so
system.prop:rild.libargs=-d /dev/ttyS0
```


In the code: `hardware/ril/rild/rild.c`

```

int main(int argc , char **argv) {
    // [...]
    const RIL_RadioFunctions *(*rilInit)(
        const struct RIL_Env *, int , char **);
    // [...]
    dlHandle = dlopen(rilLibPath , RTLD_NOW);
    // [...]
    RIL_startEventLoop();
    // [...]
    rilInit = (const RIL_RadioFunctions *(*)(
        const struct RIL_Env *, int , char **))
        dlsym(dlHandle , "RIL_Init");
    funcs = rilInit(&s_rilEnv , argc , rilArgv);
    // [...]
    RIL_register(funcs);
    // [...]
}

```

reference-ril

- Implements libril, like libsamsung-ril
- Same git repository than rild
- AT commands, very basic (only one channel)
- Beware of CaMeL Case Code and _ mix (RIL_Init, not RIL_init)

```

const RIL_RadioFunctions *RIL_Init(
                                const struct RIL_Env *env,
                                int argc, char **argv) {
    while ( -1 != (opt = getopt(argc, argv,
                                "p:d:s:c:")) ) {
        // [...]
        switch (opt) {
            // [...]
            case 'd':
                s_device_path = optarg;
                RLOGI("Opening_tty_device_%s\n",
                    s_device_path);
                break;
            // [...]
        }
    } // [...]
}

```

```
static const RIL_RadioFunctions s_callbacks = {  
    RIL_VERSION,  
    onRequest,  
    currentState,  
    onSupports,  
    onCancel,  
    getVersion  
};  
// [...]  
  
const RIL_RadioFunctions *RIL_Init(  
    const struct RIL_Env *env,  
    int argc, char **argv) {  
    // [...]  
    return &s_callbacks;  
}
```

Calling

```
static void onRequest (int request , void *data ,
size_t datalen , RIL-Token t) {
    // [...]
    switch (request) {
        // [...]
        case RIL_REQUEST_DIAL:
            requestDial(data , datalen , t);
            break;
        // case [...]
    }
```

requestDial


```
static void requestDial(void *data ,
size_t datalen __unused , RIL-Token t) {
    // [...]
    ret = at_send_command(cmd, NULL);

    free(cmd);
    // [...]
    RIL_onRequestComplete(t , RIL_E_SUCCESS ,
    NULL, 0);
}
```

Incomming call

onUnsolicited

```

static void onUnsolicited (const char *s,
                           const char *sms_pdu) {
    // [...]
    if (strStartsWith(s, "+CRING:")
        || strStartsWith(s, "RING")
        || strStartsWith(s, "NO_CARRIER")
        || strStartsWith(s, "+CCWA") ) {
        RIL_onUnsolicitedResponse (
            RIL_UNSOL_RESPONSE_CALL_STATE_CHANGED,
            NULL, 0);
        // [...]
    }
    // [...]
}

```

RIL.Init

```
const RIL_RadioFunctions *RIL_Init(  
const struct RIL_Env *env,  
int argc, char **argv) {  
    // [...]  
    ret = pthread_create(&s_tid_mainloop, &attr,  
        mainLoop, NULL);  
    // [...]  
}
```

MainLoop

```
static void * mainLoop(void *param __unused) {  
    // [...]  
    ret = at_open(fd, onUnsolicited);  
    // [...]  
}
```


at_open

```
static ATUnsolHandler s_unsolHandler;  
// [...]
```

```
int at_open(int fd, ATUnsolHandler h)  
{  
    // [...]  
    s_unsolHandler = h;  
    // [...]  
    ret = pthread_create(&s_tid_reader, &attr,  
                        readerLoop, &attr);  
    // [...]  
}
```

readerLoop

```
static void *readerLoop(void *arg __unused)
{
    for (;;) {
        // [...]
        processLine(line);
        // [...]
    }
    // [...]
}
```

processLine

```
static void processLine(const char *line) {  
    pthread_mutex_lock(&s_commandmutex);  
    if (sp_response == NULL) {  
        /* no command pending */  
        handleUnsolicited(line);  
    } // [...]  
}
```

```
static void handleUnsolicited(const char *line)  
{  
    if (s_unsolHandler != NULL) {  
        s_unsolHandler(line, NULL);  
    }  
}
```

Other protocols

Other protocols: status

- "samsung-ipc"
 - Implemented in libsamsung-ipc
 - Usable on Android and GNU/Linux
 - Incomplete
 - No wireshark dissector
 - No upstream Linux driver yet
- QMI
 - Implemented in libqmi, other?
 - Usable with upstream Linux and in GNU/Linux
- ISI (Nokia: N900, N9, etc)
 - Implemented in Ofono, Freesmartphone.org, other?
 - Wireshark dissector
 - Upstream Linux drivers
- "Palm Pre"
 - Implemented in msmcomm
 - Was usable in GNU/Linux through Freesmartphone.org
 - Code lost? Michael Lauer should push it again soon.

Other protocols: characteristics

- Like a network protocol
 - sequence number to match query and response
 - Asynchronous
- Free software implementation not always available
- Or incomplete (samsung-ipc)

Use a supported protocol

- Example with the Palm pre
 - Had an unknown protocol that was used by the nonfree default implementation
 - Also had AT commands
 - People implemented the AT commands
 - No ring indication if my memory is correct
 - At the end they implemented the unknown vendor protocol in `msmcommd`

Questions?

- Next part is about Samsung IPC
- Increasing level of complexity
- Increasing level of complexity
- → Questions on the first part before continuing.